

CLINICAL SPECIFICATIONS

RICE, WHITE + BROWN, COOKED

Antigen Made From:

Associated With:

Rice, White and Brown, boiled in water until fully cooked

Rice immune reactivity

Known Cross-Reactions: Soy; Wheat, Corn; Gliadin; Millet; 4 Islet Cell 7

Clinical Significance:

One hundred grams of cooked white and brown rice contain 2.38% protein.⁵ Studies on food immune reactivities predominantly use raw food antigens. However, some researchers have noted that heating, or combining, food proteins can change their antigenicity.⁶⁻⁸

This array tests for IgG and IgA food immune reactivity.^{9,10} Equivocal or out-of-range results indicate antibody reactivity to the tested food antigen. We tested 288 blood donor sera against cooked white and brown rice antigens at optimal dilution, 19.8% of these donors were IgG and IgA reactive.

Due to cross-reactivity, possible connections between food antigens and human autoimmunity has been previously suggested because proteins in nature can have a similarity in sequence and structure to certain human tissues. 11-14

Data suggests that eliminating foods identified using IgG antibody food testing can play a role in improvement of symptoms. ¹⁵ Because certain food components can lead to gut flora changes and gut permeability, eliminating specified food antigens should result in the reduction of antigenic stimuli and the improvement of symptoms. ^{15,16}

The results of this food array may be used to develop and implement an immune targeted dietary plan, which includes the avoidance of triggering and known cross-reactive foods. Furthermore, when followed over time, avoidance/prevention treatment plans tailored and supervised by the ordering healthcare professional, may help: (a) repair the gut barrier; and (b) reestablish oral tolerance to the offending food. 15,16

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